

Nom de famille :

(Suivi, s'il y a lieu, du nom d'usage)



Prénom (s) :

Centre
d'épreuves :Concours/Examen : Concours interne Elève IAE Épreuve : Anglais N° sujet :

Section-option/Spécialité/BAP/Domaine :

CONSIGNES

- Remplir soigneusement, sur CHAQUE feuille officielle, la zone d'identification en MAJUSCULES.
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- Numéroté chaque PAGE (cadre en bas à droite de la page) et placer les feuilles dans le bon sens et dans l'ordre.
- Rédiger avec un stylo à encre noire. Ne pas utiliser de correcteur blanc.
- N'effectuer aucun collage ou découpage de sujets ou de feuille officielle. Ne joindre aucun brouillon.

**CONCOURS INTERNE DE RECRUTEMENT
DES ÉLÈVES INGENIEURS DE L'AGRICULTURE ET DE L'ENVIRONNEMENT
DU MINISTÈRE CHARGÉ DE L'AGRICULTURE**

Session 2026

Épreuve écrite d'admission : Test d'anglais de compréhension écrite.
(Durée : 30 minutes – Coefficient 2)

Questionnaire à choix multiples**L'ensemble du présent sujet comprend 3 feuillets numérotés de la page 1 à 12.**

À lire attentivement !

Vérifiez que le document qui vous est remis correspond au concours indiqué sur votre convocation et contient le nombre de pages annoncées : si ce n'est pas le cas, signalez-le aussitôt.

En l'absence d'indications contraires, **EMPLOYEZ EXCLUSIVEMENT DE L'ENCRE NOIRE** et évitez toute présentation pouvant constituer un signe distinctif : l'utilisation du crayon gris ou de couleurs autres que le noir entraînera la non-correction de la copie et l'annulation de votre participation.

Inscrivez sur la bande d'anonymat détachable de chaque feuillet vos nom et prénom en lettres capitales, date de naissance ainsi que l'épreuve, l'examen et la session. Faites-le avant d'entamer la rédaction de chacun de vos feuillets : il ne vous sera plus possible de le faire une fois l'épreuve terminée, et l'absence de ces mentions sur un feuillet entraînera la non-correction de votre copie et l'annulation de votre participation. N'inscrivez rien dans la case réservée au numéro d'inscription.

Ne faites pas apparaître votre nom, ni le nom du centre d'épreuves, ni aucun autre nom de personne ou de lieu, ni signe distinctif, ni signature même fictive en quelque endroit de votre composition : cela entraînerait la non-correction de votre copie et l'annulation de votre participation.

À l'issue de l'épreuve, rendez vos 3 feuillets, avec toutes les bandes d'anonymat renseignées, avant de signer la feuille d'embarquement. Tout candidat quittant la salle sans rendre sa copie est signalé absent. Aucun brouillon, ni collage de documents, ni feuille non réglementaire ne sont acceptés.

Barème : une seule réponse est correcte parmi les 4 choix possibles, une réponse correcte donne 1 point, une mauvaise réponse ou l'absence de réponse donne 0 point, la note finale est ramenée sur 20.

Feuillet n°1 : Questions 1 à 20

Part 1 – INCOMPLETE SENTENCES

There is one missing word in each of the following twenty sentences. Four possible answers follow the sentence and **only one of them is correct**. Choose the best answer and **circle the corresponding letter**.

1. The factory has been producing plastic waste _____ years, despite the new regulations.
 - a. since
 - ☒ b. for
 - c. during
 - d. while
2. If the government _____ more in renewable energy, the transition would be faster.
 - a. invests
 - b. will invest
 - ☒ c. invested
 - d. had invested
3. I don't think it's worth _____ a new car when public transport is so efficient.
 - a. buy
 - ☒ b. to buy
 - c. buying
 - d. bought
4. The lead researcher _____ the team that the results were still preliminary.
 - a. said
 - b. thought
 - c. spoke
 - ☒ d. explained to
5. We need to find a solution to reduce the use of _____ pesticides in our fields.
 - ☒ a. harmful
 - b. harmless
 - c. harming
 - d. harmed
6. She has been working as a vet _____ she graduated.
 - a. for
 - ☒ b. since
 - c. ever
 - d. ago
7. The manager is looking forward to _____ the new partners next week.
 - a. meet
 - ☒ b. meeting
 - c. met
 - d. being met

8. She wonders _____ the report will be ready for the board meeting.
- ☒ a. when
 - b. about
 - c. while
 - d. when is
9. There _____ many improvements in waste management over the last decade.
- a. has been
 - b. will be
 - ☒ c. have been
 - d. was
10. Water scarcity is a major issue; we must consider it _____.
- ☒ a. wisely
 - b. wisdom
 - c. wise
 - d. wiser
11. The new law aims at protecting _____ species in the Amazon rainforest.
- a. endangering
 - ☒ b. endangered
 - c. danger
 - d. dangerous
12. Our company is committed to _____ carbon emissions by fifty percent.
- ☒ a. reduce
 - b. reducing
 - c. reduced
 - d. reduction
13. I'm not sure if the vaccine is ready _____.
- a. already
 - b. still
 - ☒ c. yet
 - d. so far
14. They would have avoided the crisis if they _____ the warnings.
- a. followed
 - ☒ b. had followed
 - c. would follow
 - d. follow

15. Pollution in big cities is _____ than it was twenty years ago.
- a. worst
 - b. worsening
 - ☒ c. worse
 - d. worsened
16. The project was cancelled _____ a lack of financial support.
- a. because
 - ☒ b. due to
 - c. thanks to
 - d. since
17. I don't know _____ to contact for the professional training session.
- ☒ a. who
 - b. where
 - c. whose
 - d. which
18. If it _____ tomorrow, the farmers will be very relieved.
- ☒ a. rains
 - b. will rain
 - c. is raining
 - d. rained
19. You cannot enter the laboratory _____ wearing your protective gear.
- a. during
 - ☒ b. without
 - c. although
 - d. against
20. The transition to green energy is _____ expensive than expected.
- a. most
 - b. as
 - ☒ c. more
 - d. much

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RIOWEN

Centre d'épreuves :

Rennes

Né(e) le :

20 / 09 / 1996Concours/Examen : **Concours interne Elève IAE** Épreuve : **Anglais** N° sujet :

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Épreuve écrite d'admission**QCM Anglais****FEUILLET N°2 : Questions 21 à 31****Part 2 – TEXT COMPLETION**

The following exercise is composed of three texts, each with three or four blanks. There are four answer options for each blank but **only one of them is correct**. Choose the best answer and **circle the corresponding letter**.

NE RIEN ECRIRE DANS CE CADRE

19 / 20

Part 2 – Text 1

Recent studies show that the global decline in insect populations is starting to _____ (21) food security. Pollinators like bees and butterflies are essential for many _____ (22), but habitat loss and pesticide use are reducing their numbers.

Farmers are now being encouraged to plant _____ (23) strips of flowers around their fields to provide food and shelter for these insects. Without urgent action, the _____ (24) of fruit and vegetable production could drop significantly in the coming years.

21.

- ☒ a. Threaten
- b. Threat
- c. Tighten
- d. Thrive

22.

- a. Seeds
- b. Weeds
- ☒ c. Crops
- d. Woods

23.

- ☒ a. Wild
- b. Widely
- c. Wildlife
- d. Wilderness

24.

- a. Outcome
- ☒ b. Output
- c. Outgoing
- d. Outbreak

Part 2 – Text 2

The rise of 'superbugs' is becoming a major _____ (25) for global health systems. Antimicrobial resistance occurs when bacteria evolve and infections no longer _____ (26) to standard treatments.

Medical experts warn that if new antibiotics are not developed soon, even minor _____ (27) could become life-threatening again.

International cooperation is needed to _____ (28) the over-prescription of drugs in both human medicine and livestock farming.

25.

- ☒ a. Issue
- b. Moment
- c. Event
- d. Incident

26.

- a. Revive
- ☒ b. Respond
- c. Reply
- d. Report

27.

- a. Injures
- ☒ b. Infections
- c. Influenzas
- d. Injections

28.

- ☒ a. Curb
- b. Curse
- c. Curve
- d. Cure

Part 2 – Text 3

Extreme heatwaves are no longer just an environmental concern; they are a _____ (29) economic burden. As temperatures soar, workers in the construction and agriculture sectors face _____ (30) health risks, leading to a drop in productivity. Companies are being forced to shift their working hours to avoid the hottest parts of the day. Experts suggest that cities need more 'green infrastructure' to _____ (31) the effects of urban heat islands.

29.

- ☒ a. Heavy
- b. Weightless
- c. Heaviest
- d. Weighed

30.

- ☒ a. Increased
- b. Increasingly
- c. Increase
- d. Infeasible

31.

- ☒ a. Mitigate
- b. Navigate
- c. Investigate
- d. Activate

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Epreuve écrite d'admission**QCM Anglais****FEUILLET N°3 – Questions 32 à 40****Part 3 – READING COMPREHENSION**

The following exercise is composed of three texts, each with three or four questions. There are four answer options each time, but **only one of them is correct**. Choose the best answer and **circle the corresponding letter**.

Part 3 – Text 1

The global shift towards 'Green Hydrogen' has reached a turning point. Unlike blue hydrogen, which relies on fossil fuels with carbon capture, green hydrogen is produced through electrolysis powered entirely by wind and solar energy.

Several major shipping companies have recently launched their first transoceanic vessels powered by this carbon-neutral fuel. While the infrastructure costs remain substantial, international subsidies have reduced the price gap, making it a more viable alternative to heavy fuel oil.

Environmentalists cheer the move, though they caution that the massive amount of electricity required must not come at the expense of existing local power grids.

32. Green hydrogen is different from blue hydrogen because it:
- a. Is produced using fossil fuels
 - b. Uses carbon capture technology
 - ☒ c. Is created with renewable energy
 - d. Is significantly toxic
33. According to the text, what has helped make green hydrogen a viable option?
- a. The total elimination of infrastructure costs
 - ☒ b. Global financial aids
 - c. The decrease in wind and solar availability
 - d. A global ban on heavy fuel oil
34. What concern do environmentalists raise regarding this fuel?
- a. It is not powerful enough for ships
 - ☒ b. It might strain local electricity supplies
 - c. It produces too much pollution
 - d. It is difficult to transport across oceans

Part 3 – Text 2

A groundbreaking AI-driven diagnostic tool has been approved for widespread use in public health clinics across Sub-Saharan Africa. The system, designed to operate on low-cost smartphones, can detect early signs of malaria and tuberculosis with 98% accuracy.

By analyzing blood samples via a portable lens attachment, the app provides results in less than two minutes, bypassing the need for expensive laboratory equipment. Health officials believe this technology will drastically reduce mortality rates in rural areas where access to doctors is limited.

However, data privacy advocates warn that patient medical records must be strictly encrypted to prevent unauthorized access by third-party insurers.

35. What is the main advantage of the new diagnostic tool?

- a. It requires a high-end computer to work
- ☒ b. It provides results extremely quickly without a lab
- c. It can only be used by trained surgeons
- d. It is free for all insurance companies

36. The technology is particularly useful for rural areas because:

- a. It doesn't require electricity
- ☒ b. It compensates for the lack of medical professionals
- c. It is the only way to treat malaria
- d. It replaces the need for smartphones

37. What is the main worry about this project?

- a. The accuracy of the AI results
- b. The cost of the smartphone lens
- ☒ c. The protection of patient medical data
- d. The speed of the internet connection

Part 3 – Text 3

Vertical farming is rapidly expanding across Europe as a response to both global warming and the need for food sovereignty. Unlike traditional agriculture, vertical farms grow crops in stacked layers, often in controlled indoor environments. This method uses up to 95% less water and eliminates the need for most chemical pesticides.

In the Netherlands, a new facility powered entirely by renewable energy recently opened, capable of producing tons of leafy greens daily regardless of the season.

However, critics point to the high energy consumption required for LED lighting and climate control systems as a major hurdle for the industry's long-term sustainability.

38. Vertical farming is seen as a solution because:

- a. It requires chemicals
- ☒ b. It helps with food security and climate issues
- c. It uses more land than traditional farms
- d. It is only possible in summer

39. One of the main environmental benefits mentioned is:

- a. The use of LED lighting
- ☒ b. A reduction in water usage
- c. The production of high-calorie crops
- d. The dependence on fossil energy

40. What is the primary criticism of this farming method?

- a. The poor productivity
- b. The high cost
- ☒ c. The significant energy consumption
- d. The need for space